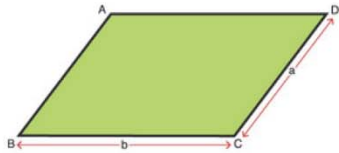


Name :

Class :

Perimeter of Parallelograms and Rhombus

Perimeter of a Parallelogram

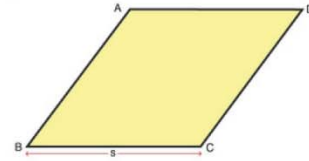


Formula: Perimeter (P) = $2(a + b)$

Note: a & b are the sides,
In $\square ABCD$, $a = AB = CD$, $b = BC = DA$

The perimeter of a parallelogram is the sum of all its sides. $P = 2(a+b)$ and The perimeter of a rhombus is the total length of its outer boundary $p = 4a$

Perimeter of a Rhombus

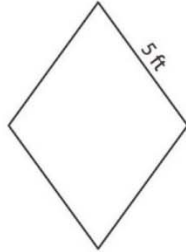


Formula: Perimeter (P) = $4s$

Note: s = side
In $\square ABCD$, $s = AB = BC = CD = DA$

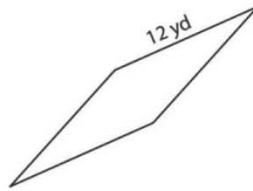
Calculate the Perimeter for each Rhombus.

1



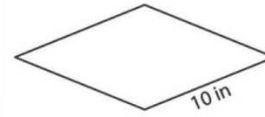
P=20 ft

2



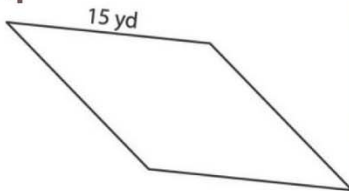
P=48 yd

3



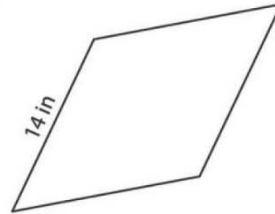
P=40 in

4



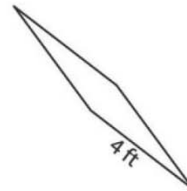
P=60 yd

5



P=56 in

6



P=16 ft

7 Find the perimeter of the rhombus, if its side is 18 feet long.

P=72 ft

8 Determine the perimeter of the rhombus whose side length is 9 yards.

P=36 yd