

Name :

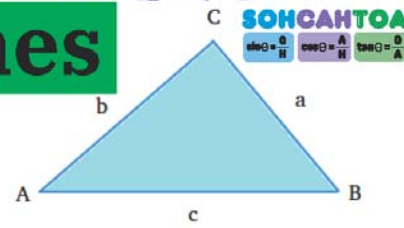
Class :



Law of Cosines



This law states that relation between the lengths of sides of a triangle with respect to the cosine of its angle



SOHCAHTOA
 $\sin \theta = \frac{O}{H}$ $\cos \theta = \frac{A}{H}$ $\tan \theta = \frac{O}{A}$

$$a^2 = b^2 + c^2 - 2bc \cos(A)$$

$$b^2 = a^2 + c^2 - 2ac \cos(B)$$

$$c^2 = a^2 + b^2 - 2ab \cos(C)$$

Solve each triangle. Round your answers to the nearest tenth.

- 1) In $\triangle ABC$, $a = 14$ cm, $b = 9$ cm, $c = 6$ cm

- 2) In $\triangle XYZ$, $m \angle X = 138^\circ$, $y = 15$ in, $z = 25$ in

- 3) In $\triangle QRP$, $q = 12$ in, $p = 28$ in, $r = 18$ in

- 4) In $\triangle QRP$, $p = 28$ km, $q = 17$ km, $r = 15$ km

- 5) In $\triangle DEF$, $e = 16$ yd, $d = 12$ yd, $f = 17$ yd

- 6) In $\triangle RPQ$, $p = 18$ mi, $m \angle R = 17^\circ$, $q = 28$ mi