

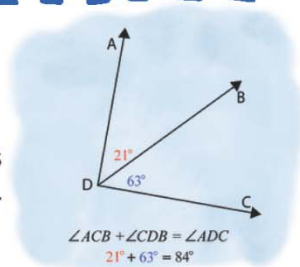
Name :

Class :



Angle Postulate

The sum of two adjacent angle measures will be equal to the measure of the larger angle they form.



Find the missing angle measurement using the angle addition postulate

<p>1)</p> <p>$\angle KLN = \underline{\quad 98^\circ \quad}$ $\angle NLM = \underline{\quad 27^\circ \quad}$ $\angle KLM = \underline{\quad 125^\circ \quad}$</p>	<p>2)</p> <p>$\angle OPR = \underline{\quad 65^\circ \quad}$ $\angle RPQ = \underline{\quad 75^\circ \quad}$ $\angle OPQ = \underline{\quad 140^\circ \quad}$</p>	<p>3)</p> <p>$\angle QRT = \underline{\quad 82^\circ \quad}$ $\angle TRS = \underline{\quad 33^\circ \quad}$ $\angle QRS = \underline{\quad 115^\circ \quad}$</p>
<p>4)</p> <p>$\angle LMO = \underline{\quad 93^\circ \quad}$ $\angle OMN = \underline{\quad 62^\circ \quad}$ $\angle LMN = \underline{\quad 155^\circ \quad}$</p>	<p>5)</p> <p>$\angle PQS = \underline{\quad 94^\circ \quad}$ $\angle SQR = \underline{\quad 16^\circ \quad}$ $\angle PQR = \underline{\quad 110^\circ \quad}$</p>	<p>6)</p> <p>$\angle MNP = \underline{\quad 30^\circ \quad}$ $\angle PNO = \underline{\quad 60^\circ \quad}$ $\angle MNO = \underline{\quad 90^\circ \quad}$</p>
<p>7)</p> <p>$\angle EFH = \underline{\quad 76^\circ \quad}$ $\angle HFG = \underline{\quad 69^\circ \quad}$ $\angle EFG = \underline{\quad 145^\circ \quad}$</p>	<p>8)</p> <p>$\angle BCE = \underline{\quad 56^\circ \quad}$ $\angle ECD = \underline{\quad 74^\circ \quad}$ $\angle BCD = \underline{\quad 130^\circ \quad}$</p>	<p>9)</p> <p>$\angle CDF = \underline{\quad 98^\circ \quad}$ $\angle FDE = \underline{\quad 52^\circ \quad}$ $\angle CDE = \underline{\quad 150^\circ \quad}$</p>