



ANSWERS

1. In classical rhetoric, a trope is a figure of speech in which writers or speakers use words in a way that conveys a meaning that is different than the literal meanings of the words.
2. Metaphors, similes, and hyperboles are all examples of tropes in this sense of the word.
3. In its more modern sense, a trope is something that recurs within a literary work or across a genre many times.
4. Some common literary tropes include the "ticking clock" in thrillers, the "get rich quick" scheme, or the "mounting threat."