



ANSWERS

The highest-level court in the United States is the U.S. Supreme Court, which has jurisdiction not over a particular region, but over the entire country. The Supreme Court only decides issues of constitutionality.

Trial courts hear civil and criminal cases.

Circuit court, or court of appeals (also known as appellate courts) hear appeals from both trial courts and appeals from the decisions of federal administrative agencies.

The Judicial branch checks the Legislative branch by having the power to declare laws unconstitutional.