Name _____

Ordering Fractions

Order the fractions with the same numerators in increasing order.

Remember: When fractions have the same numerator, just compare denominators. The bigger the denominator, the smaller the fraction.

$$\frac{2}{7} > \frac{2}{9}$$

1) $\frac{3}{4}, \frac{3}{19}, \frac{3}{15}, \frac{3}{12}, \frac{3}{7}$ → $\frac{3}{19}, \frac{3}{15}, \frac{3}{12}, \frac{3}{7}, \frac{3}{4}$

2) $\frac{7}{9}, \frac{7}{15}, \frac{7}{18}, \frac{7}{20}, \frac{7}{17}$ → $\frac{7}{20}, \frac{7}{18}, \frac{7}{17}, \frac{7}{15}, \frac{7}{9}$

3) $\frac{4}{19}, \frac{4}{25}, \frac{4}{5}, \frac{4}{14}, \frac{4}{16}$ → $\frac{4}{25}, \frac{4}{19}, \frac{4}{16}, \frac{4}{14}, \frac{4}{5}$

4) $\frac{2}{10}, \frac{2}{3}, \frac{2}{5}, \frac{2}{14}, \frac{2}{7}$ → $\frac{2}{14}, \frac{2}{10}, \frac{2}{7}, \frac{2}{5}, \frac{2}{3}$

5) $\frac{6}{18}, \frac{6}{10}, \frac{6}{16}, \frac{6}{17}, \frac{6}{21}$ → $\frac{6}{21}, \frac{6}{18}, \frac{6}{17}, \frac{6}{16}, \frac{6}{10}$

6) $\frac{9}{19}, \frac{9}{15}, \frac{9}{12}, \frac{9}{21}, \frac{9}{25}$ → $\frac{9}{25}, \frac{9}{21}, \frac{9}{19}, \frac{9}{15}, \frac{9}{12}$

7) $\frac{5}{21}, \frac{5}{18}, \frac{5}{9}, \frac{5}{24}, \frac{5}{14}$ → $\frac{5}{24}, \frac{5}{21}, \frac{5}{18}, \frac{5}{14}, \frac{5}{9}$

8) $\frac{1}{13}, \frac{1}{7}, \frac{1}{10}, \frac{1}{15}, \frac{1}{5}$ → $\frac{1}{15}, \frac{1}{13}, \frac{1}{10}, \frac{1}{7}, \frac{1}{5}$