

Name _____



World Red Cross Day

World Red Cross and Red Crescent Day, observed on May 8th each year, is an international humanitarian celebration that honors the principles and work of the Red Cross and Red Crescent Movement. This day pays tribute to the dedication, compassion, and selflessness of millions of volunteers and staff who provide life-saving assistance, support, and relief to those in need during times of crisis and conflict. The Red Cross and Red Crescent organizations are known for their commitment to humanity, neutrality, impartiality, and independence, and they play a vital role in alleviating suffering and promoting the well-being of vulnerable populations worldwide.

World Red Cross and Red Crescent Day serve as an occasion to raise awareness about the vital humanitarian work carried out by these organizations and to inspire others to join in their efforts. It also commemorates the birthday of Henry Dunant, the founder of the Red Cross Movement, whose advocacy for the humane treatment of wounded soldiers during wartime led to the establishment of the Red Cross and Red Crescent societies. On this day, various events, campaigns, and activities are organized to recognize the tremendous impact of humanitarian aid and the spirit of solidarity that binds people across borders, cultures, and languages in times of crisis.

Directions: This passage has 6 errors. Find the errors and correct them.

The World Red Cross and Red Crescent Movement has its origins in the visionary work of a swiss businessman named Henry Dunant. In 1859, Dunant was traveling in Italy when he came across the horrific aftermath of the Battle of Solferino, a conflict between French and austrian forces. Struck by the immense suffering of wounded soldiers, he organized local villagers to provide care and comfort to the wounded, regardless of their nationality. This humanitarian impulse and his call for the establishment of voluntary relief societies laid the phoundation for the Red Cross Movement.

In 1863, Henry Dunant, along with Gustave Moynier and other like-minded individuals, founded the International Committee of the Red Cross (ICRC) in Geneva, Switzerland. The ICRC's mission was to provide assistance to wounded soldiers on the battlefield and to promote humanitarian principles in times of conflict. In 1864, the as first Geneva Convention was adopted, establishing the framework for the protection of wounded and sick soldiers during armed conflict. The Red Cross emblem, a red cross on a white background, was also introduced at this time. Since then, the movement has grown and evolved, with the inclusion of the Red Crescent symbol to accommodate Islamic countries, Today, the Red Cross and Red Crescent were societies operate globally, providing humanitarian assistance, disaster relief, healthcare, and support to vulnerable populations, embodying the principles of humanity, impartiality, neutrality, independence, voluntary service, unity, and universality.