





## Across

2. One condition that affects how fast and how far a forest fire will spread.

4. Very low can create favorable conditions for fires.

6. Forest fires are often preceded by long periods of

7. Certain land \_\_\_\_ favor the spread of fire.

8. Releasing thousands of gallons of water or firesuppressing chemicals from an aircraft.

9. The cause of 80% of forest fires in the United States.

11. A large, uncontrolled fire that destroys large amounts of land

12. \_\_\_\_ can carry small bits of burning debris and spread fires more quickly.

13. 20 % of forest fires are started by \_\_\_\_ causes such as lightning strikes, volcanic eruptions, or sparks from falling rocks.

## Down

1. Wildfires in forests are hard to control and put out because the trees provide so much ready \_\_\_\_.

3. Forest fires can be very difficult to \_\_\_\_.

5. The the area, the more likely a forest fire is to start.

7. A technique for stopping fires that involves removing available fuel in the direction the fire is moving.

**10.** Fires move faster when they are travelling \_\_\_\_\_.

